# **Proactive Contact Tracing**

10<sup>th</sup> Doctoral Researcher Award

Prateek Gupta (University of Oxford, The Alan Turing Institute)



The Alan Turing Institute

### ML/Epi/Privacy/Econ - Multidisciplinary Team





Hannah Alsdurf

**Yoshua Bengio** 



Tegan Maharaj



Victor Schmidt



#### Pierre-Luc St Charles





Andrew Williams







Yang Zhang

Eilif B. Muller





Joumana Ghosn







Bernhard Schölkopf

**Olexa Bilanuik** 





**Tristan Deleu** 

Nanoy Minoyan Joanna Merckx



**Abhinav Sharma** 









Prateek Gupta

**Christopher Pal** 





**Pierre-Luc Carrier** 

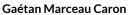
**David Buckeridge** 





**Akshay Patel** 

Jian Tang





Soren

Harnois-Leblanc

To improve the digital contact tracing apps

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to help curb the viral spread

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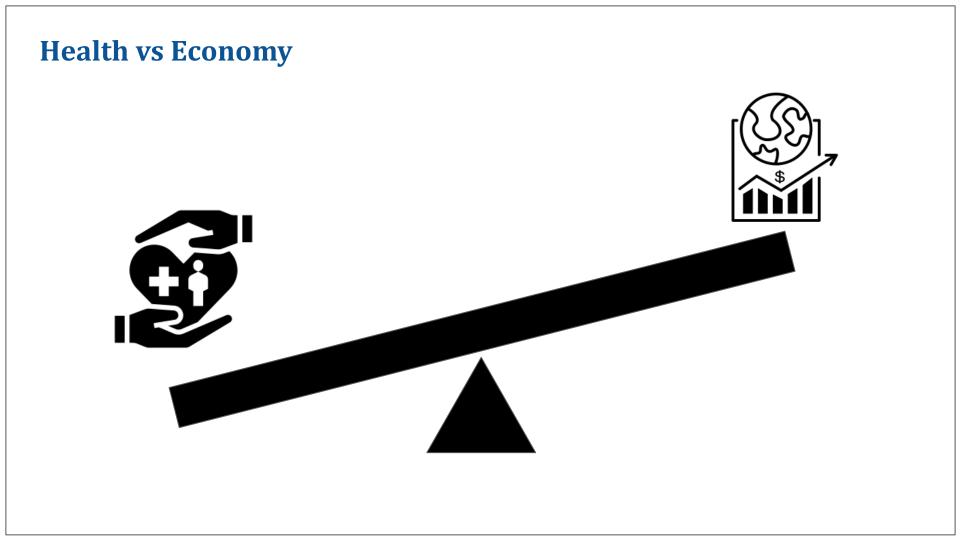
while minimizing the economic impact

### **Outline**

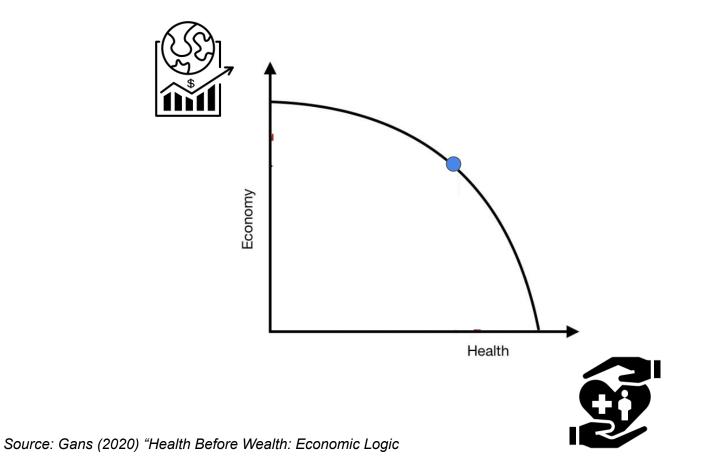
# ➤ <u>Problem formulation</u>

- Our approach: Proactive Contact Tracing
  - Framework
  - Privacy Concerns
  - $\circ$  Models
  - Results

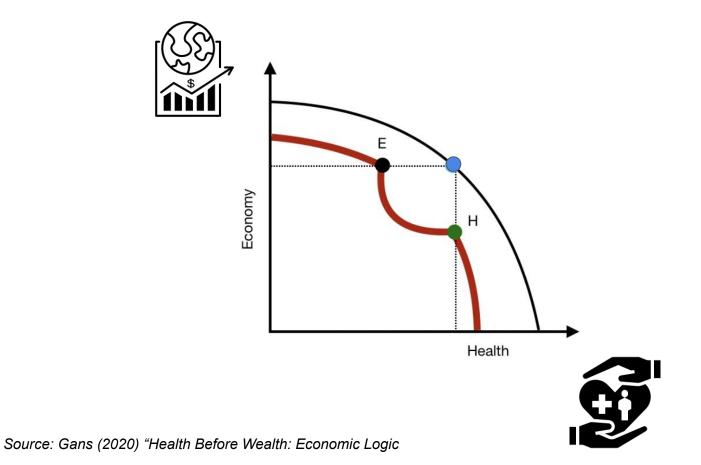
## Conclusion and Ongoing work



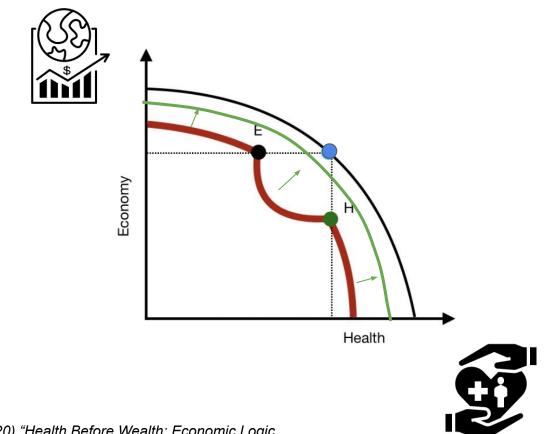
### **Health vs Economy: Normal times**



### **Health vs Economy: Pandemic times**



### **Health vs Economy: Recovery**



Source: Gans (2020) "Health Before Wealth: Economic Logic

- ★ Manual Contact Tracing: Uses Public Health Experts (PHE) to email/phone contacts
  - Class epidemic management
  - Overwhelmed by the scale of pandemic

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  - Binary Contact Tracing:
    - Uses positive/negative test results
    - Recommends quarantine/no quarantine to the users

- ★ Manual Contact Tracing: Uses Public Health Experts (PHE) to email/phone contacts
  - Class epidemic management
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- **Digital Contact Tracing:** Uses **smartphone apps** to notify potentially infected contacts

#### Binary Contact Tracing:

- Uses positive/negative test results
- Recommends quarantine/no quarantine to the users

#### > Proactive Contact Tracing:

- Uses individual-features, test results, symptoms, "risk-messages"
- Recommends Quarantine/reduced contacts/regular contacts

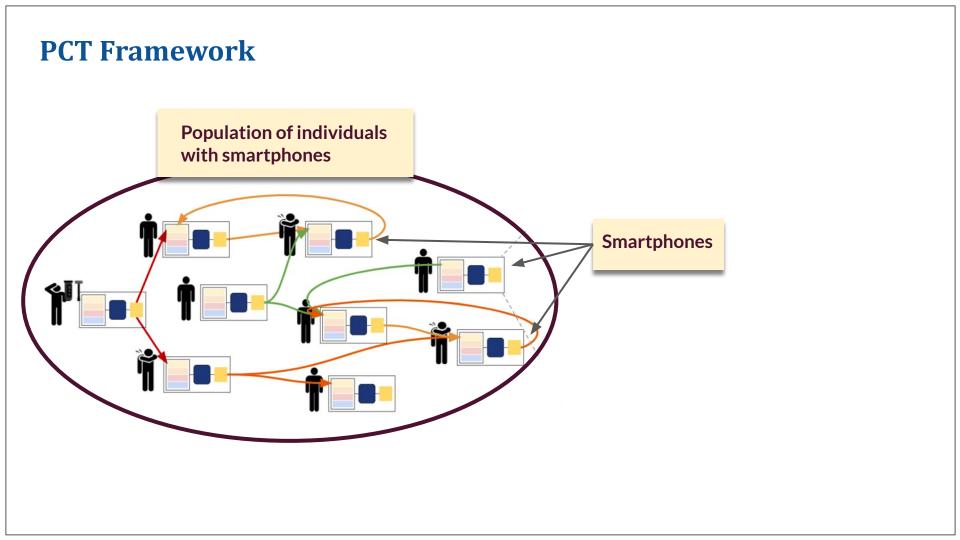
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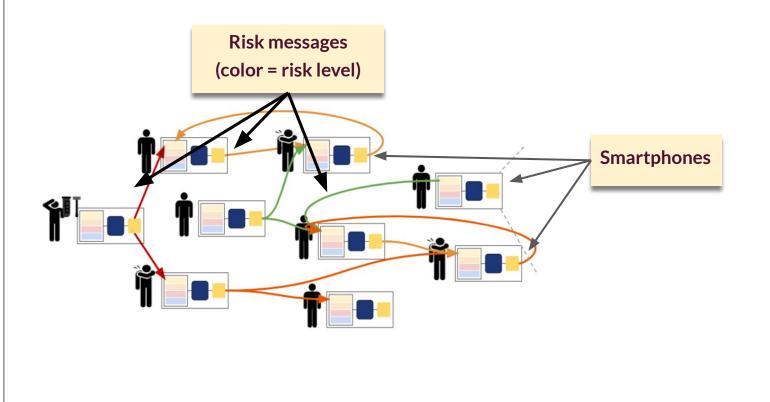
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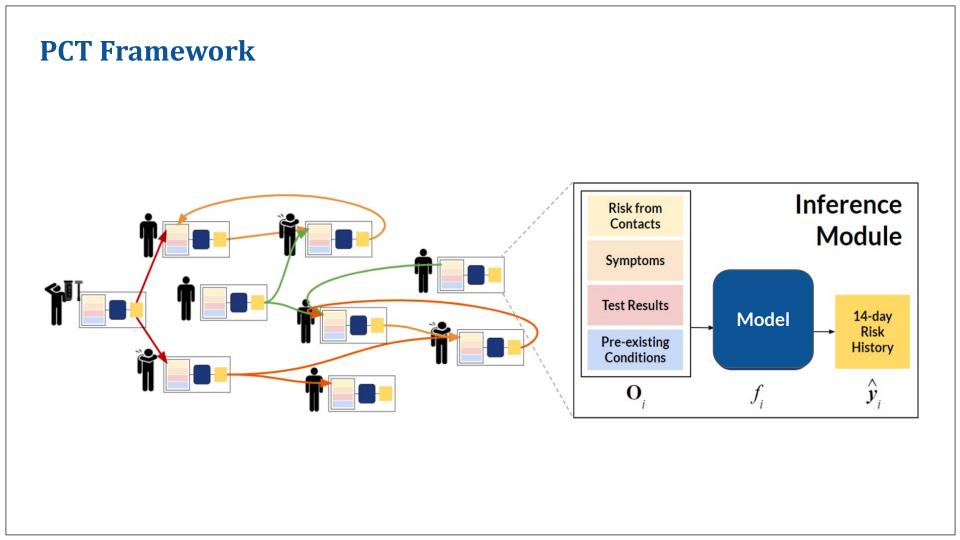
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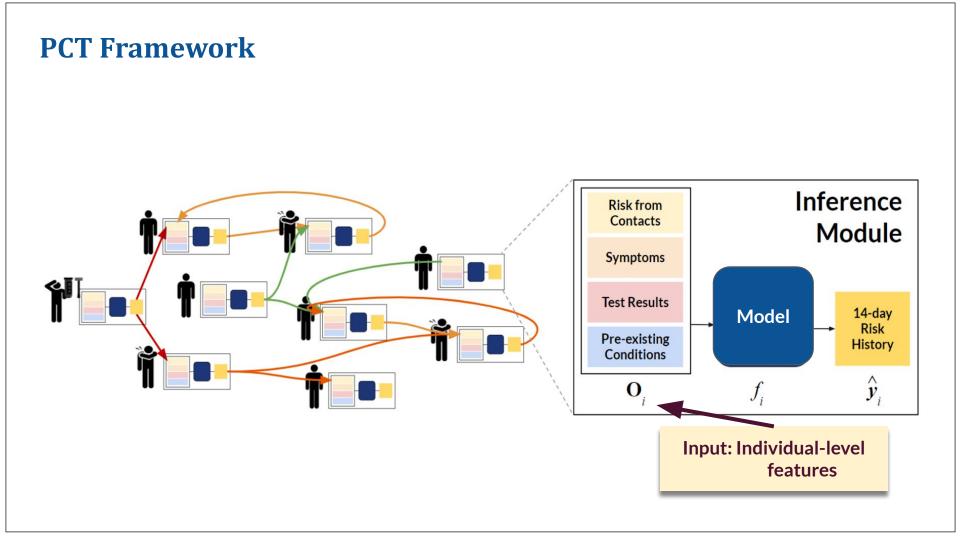
### Conclusion and Ongoing work

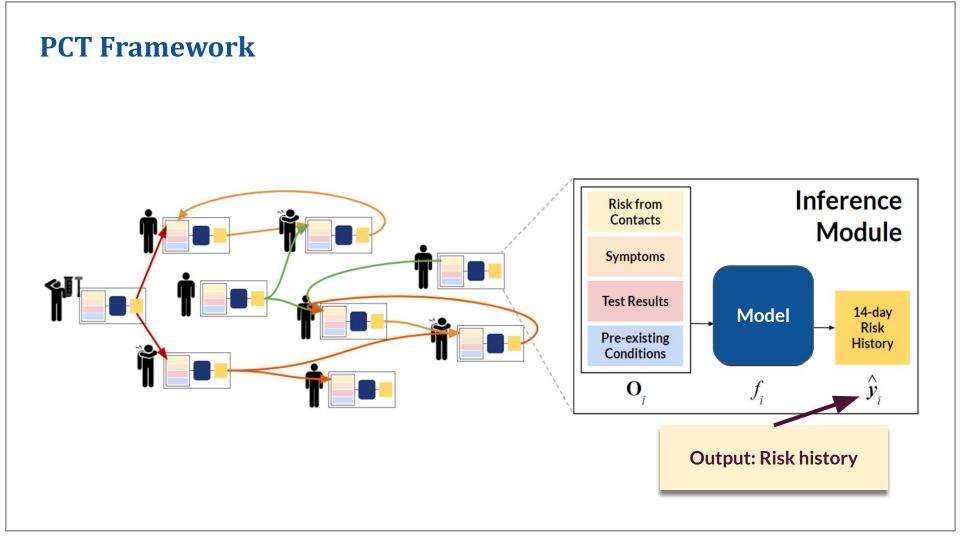


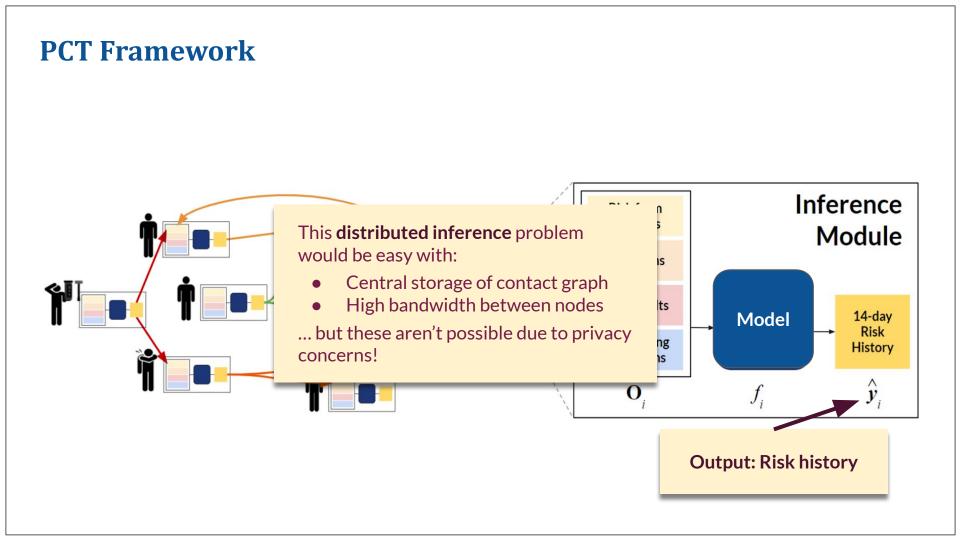
### **PCT Framework**











### **Outline**

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### **PCT: Addressing Privacy**

No central storage of contact graph

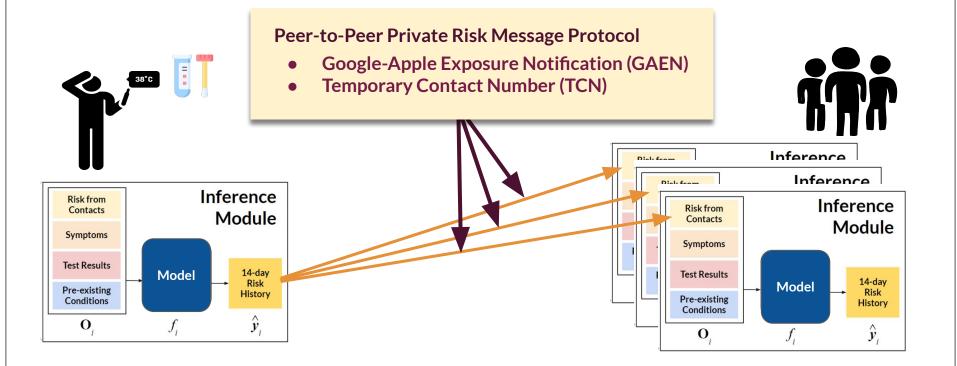
### **PCT: Addressing Privacy**

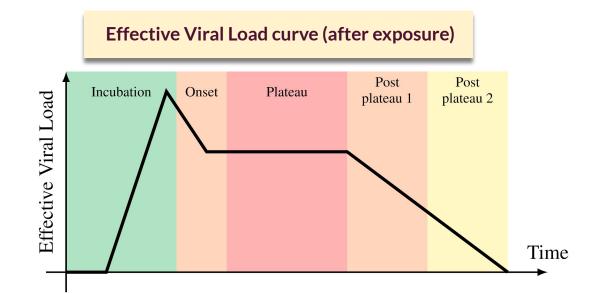
- No central storage of contact graph
- De-identification and encryption of all data

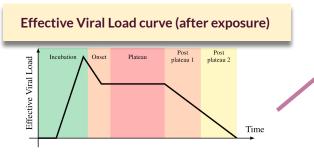
### **PCT: Addressing Privacy**

- No central storage of contact graph
- De-identification and encryption of all data
- **•** User information never leaves the phone

### **PCT: Risk Messages between phones**

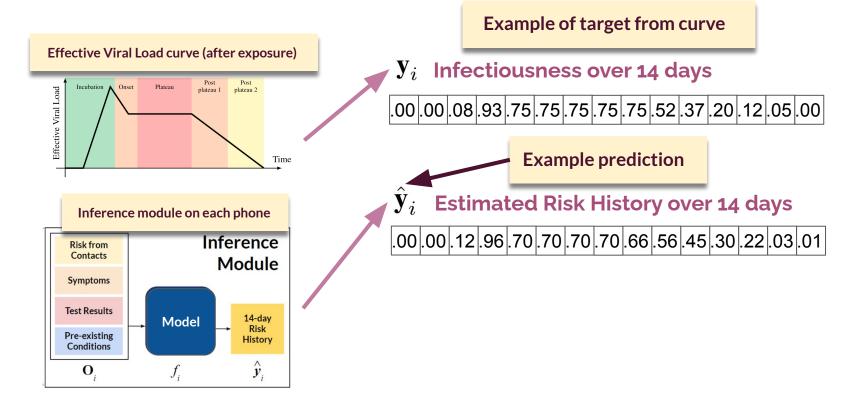


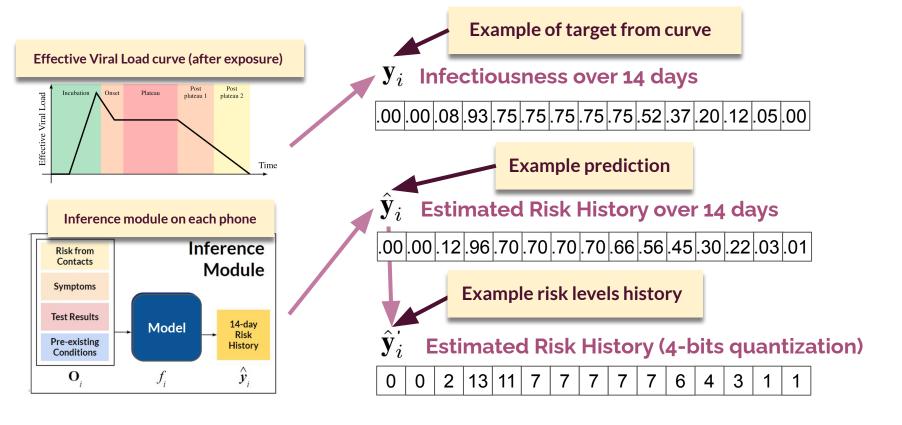




Example of target from curve

- $\mathbf{y}_i$  Infectiousness over 14 days
- .00 .00 .08 .93 .75 .75 .75 .75 .75 .52 .37 .20 .12 .05





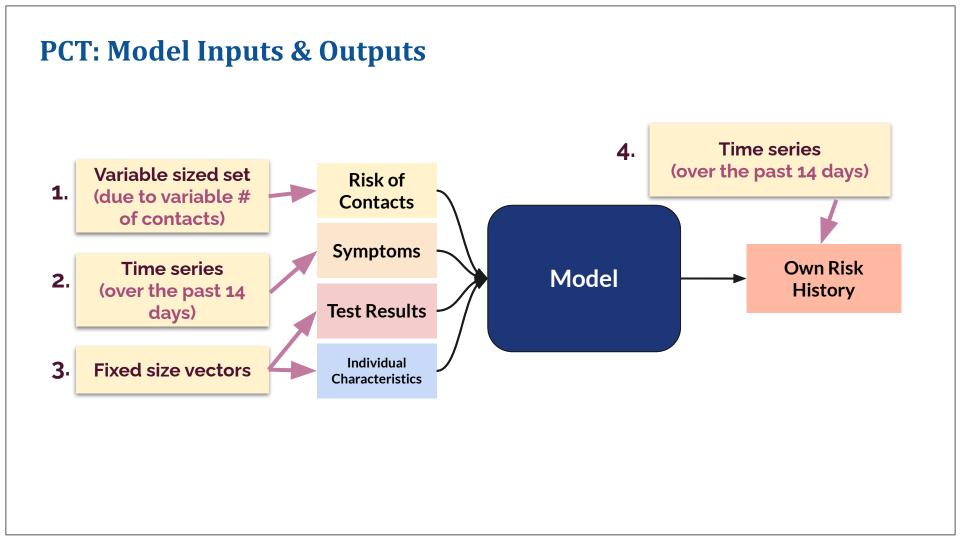
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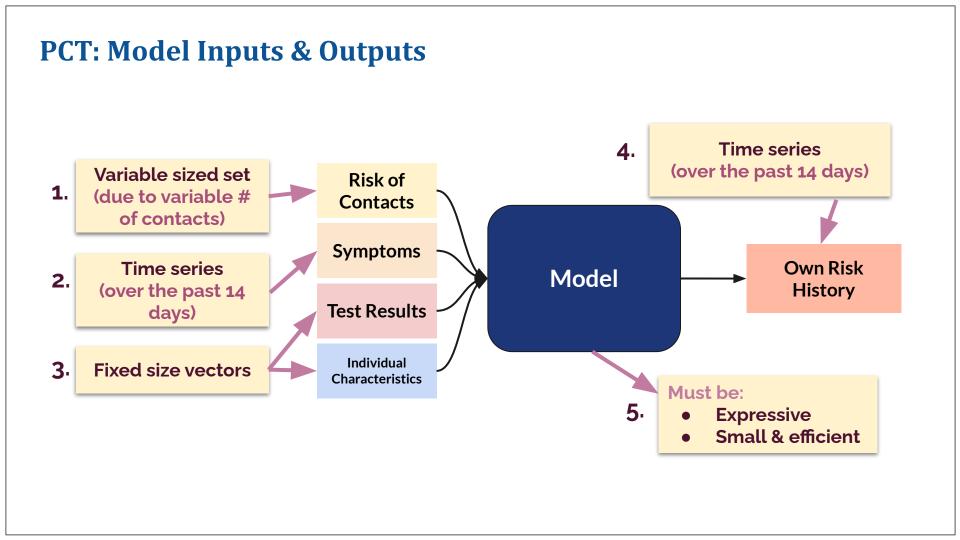
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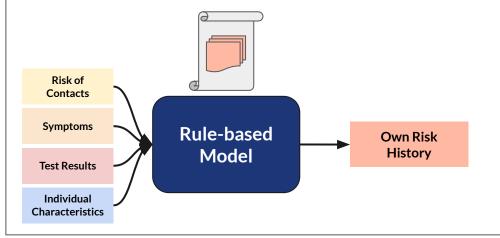
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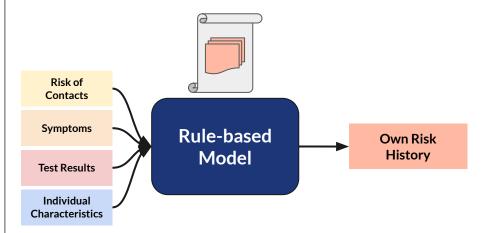
### **PCT: Rule-based Models**

Rules designed by PHEs



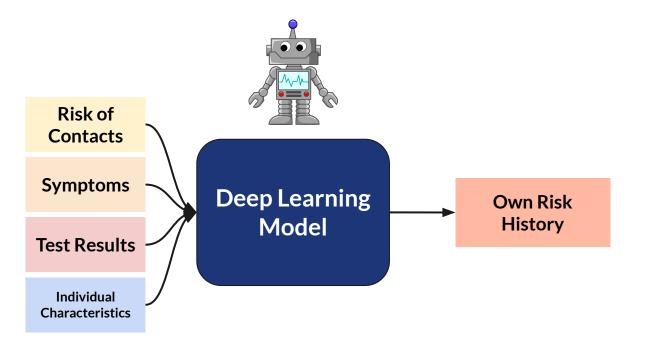
### **PCT: Rule-based Models**

- Rules designed by PHEs
- Gupta et al. 2020 runs experiments on one such heuristic using COVI-AgentSim, an agent-based model

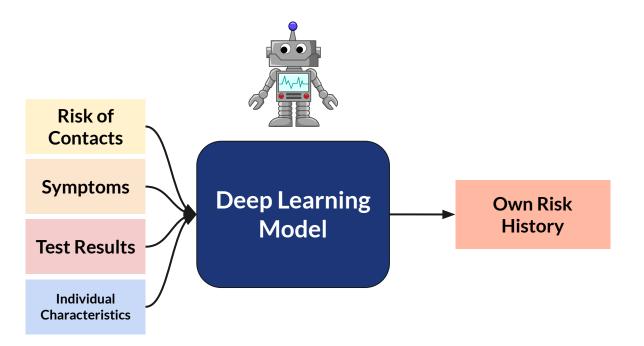


```
Algorithm 2 Heuristic-FCT
37: function HANDLERECOVERY(\mathbf{S}_{d}^{i}, \mathbf{T}_{d}^{i}, M_{i,:}^{:}(:), \mathbf{r}_{d}^{i})
               Rx \leftarrow 1
 38:
             if \sum \mathbf{S}^i_{d,\{:,d:d-d_{max}/2\}} \ge 1 or \sum_{d'\in D} \mathbb{1}_{\{\mathbf{T}^i_{d,d'}=+1\}} \ge 1 then
 39:
                     Bx \leftarrow 0
 40:
             if \sum_{j \in \mathcal{N}(i), d' \in D, d'' \in \{d, d-1, \dots, d-7\}} \mathbb{1}_{\{M_{i,j}^{d'}(d'') = r_{\mathrm{HIGH}}\}} \geq 1 then
 41:
 42:
                    Bx \leftarrow 0
             else if \sum_{j \in \mathcal{N}(i), d' \in D, d'' \in \{d, d-1, \dots, d-4\}} \mathbb{1}_{\{M_{i,j}^{d'}(d'') = r_{\text{MODERATE}}\}} \geq 1 then
 43:
                     \mathbf{Rx} \leftarrow \mathbf{0}
 44:
             else if \sum_{j \in \mathcal{N}(i), d' \in D, d'' \in \{d, d-1\}} \mathbb{1}_{\{M_{i,j}^{d'}(d'') = r_{\text{MILD}}\}} \geq 1 then
 45:
                    \mathbf{Rx} \leftarrow \mathbf{0}
 46:
             if Rx = 1 then
 47:
 48:
                    \mathbf{r}^{i}_{d,d:d-d_{max}/2} \leftarrow 0
              return \mathbf{r}_d^i, Rx
 49:
50: function APPLYNEGATIVETEST(\zeta_d^i, \mathbf{r}_d^i, \mathbf{T}_d^i, W)
              d_n \leftarrow \text{day of the latest negative test}
 51:
             \mathbf{r}_{d, d_n - W/2 : d_n + W/2}^i \leftarrow 0
 52:
             if \mathbf{r}_{d,d}^i = 0 then
 53:
 54:
                    \zeta_d^i = 0
              return \mathbf{r}_{d}^{i}, \zeta_{d}^{i}
 55:
56: function COMPUTERISK(\mathbf{T}_{d}^{i}, \mathbf{S}_{d}^{i}, M_{i}^{i}.(:), \mathbf{X}_{i}, \mathbf{r}_{d-1}^{i})
              W \leftarrow 8
 57.
             \mathbf{r}_{t}^{i}, \zeta_{t}^{i} \leftarrow \text{TestResultsComputeRisk}(\mathbf{T}_{d}^{i})
 58:
             \mathbf{r}_{s}^{i}, \zeta_{s}^{i} \leftarrow \text{SymptomsComputeRisk}(\mathbf{S}_{d}^{i})
 59:
             \mathbf{r}_{m}^{i}, \zeta_{m}^{i} \leftarrow \text{RiskMessagesComputeRisk}(M_{i}^{:}.(:))
 60:
             \mathbf{r}_r, \mathbf{Rx} \leftarrow \mathrm{HANDLERECOVERY}(\mathbf{S}^i_d, \mathbf{T}^i_d, M^i_i.(:), \mathbf{r}^i_{d-1})
 61:
              if Rx = 1 then
 62:
 63:
                     return \mathbf{r}_r, 0
             \mathbf{r}_d \leftarrow \max(\mathbf{r}_t, \mathbf{r}_s, \mathbf{r}_m, \mathbf{r}_{d-1})
                                                                                                   ▷ element-wise maximum
 64:
             \zeta_d^i \leftarrow \max(\zeta_t, \zeta_s, \zeta_m)
 65:
             if \sum_{d' \in D} \mathbb{1}_{\{\mathbf{T}_{d,d'}=-1\}} \geq 1 then
 66:
                    \mathbf{r}_{d}^{i}, \zeta_{d}^{i} \leftarrow \text{ApplyNegativeTest}(\zeta_{d}^{i}, \mathbf{r}_{d}^{i}, \mathbf{T}_{d}^{i}, W)
 67:
 68.
             return \mathbf{r}_d^i, \zeta_d^i
```

#### **PCT: AI-based Models**



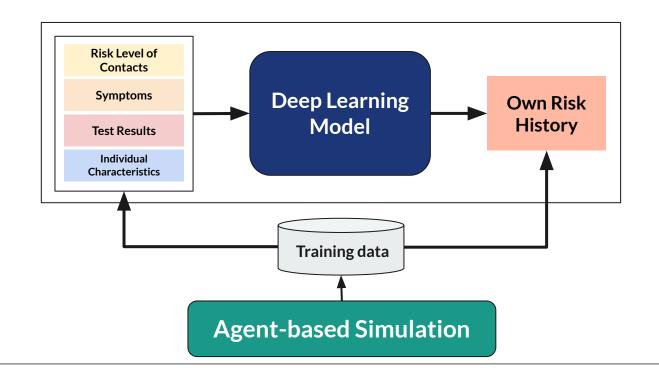
#### **PCT: AI-based Models**



Bengio et al. 2020 (ICLR - Top 20) proposes neural network architecture and training protocol for deep learning based PCT predictor

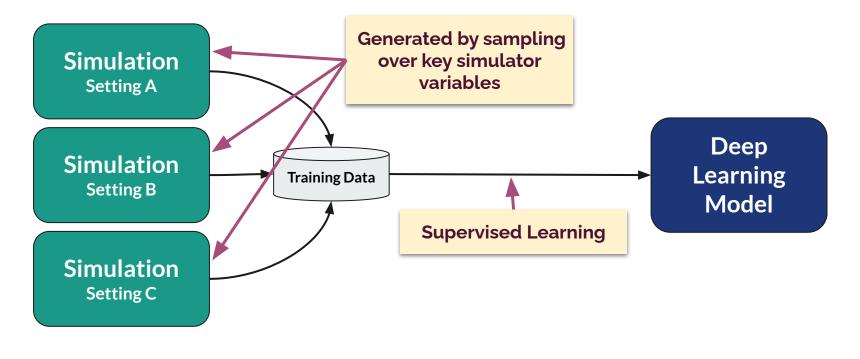
#### Where does the training data come from?

- Learning from simulations
  - Covi-AgentSim (Gupta et al. 2020) is used as a simulator



#### But simulator isn't the real world ...

- **bomain Randomization:** 
  - Commonly used in robotics for sim-to-real transfer



#### **But** ...

And many more challenges were identified and rectified in our ICLR submission (Bengio et al. 2020)

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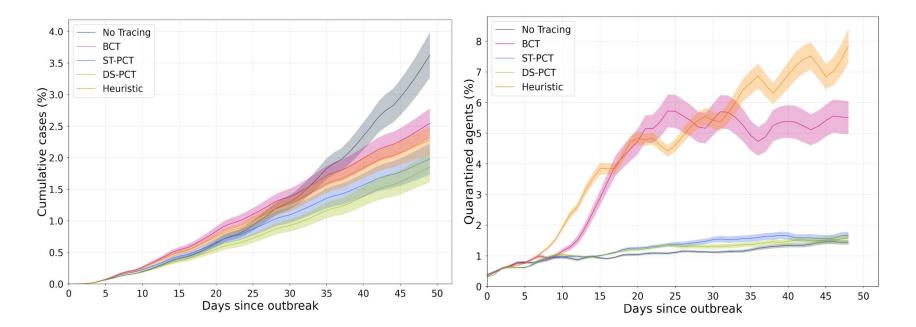
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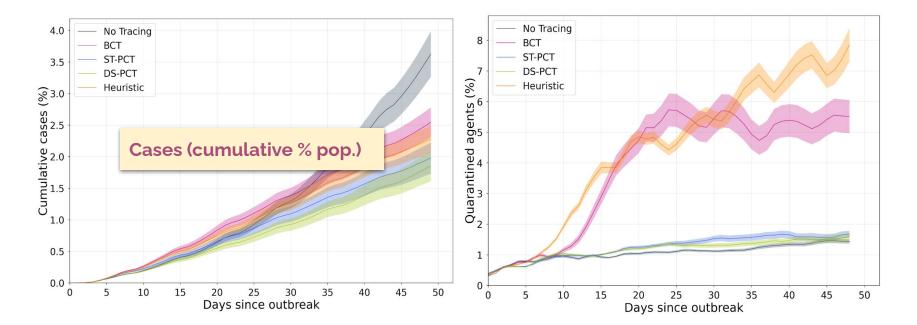
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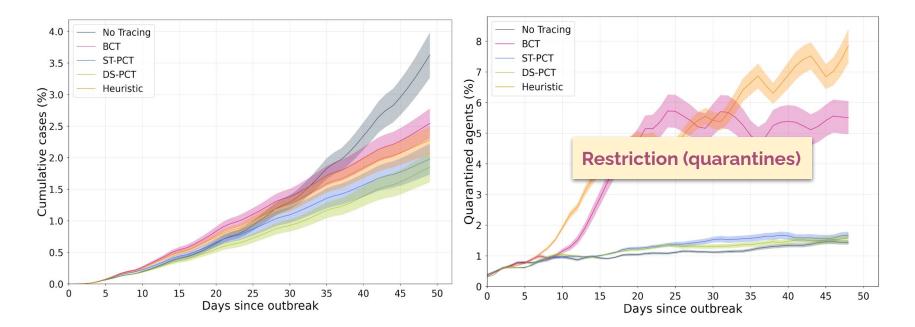
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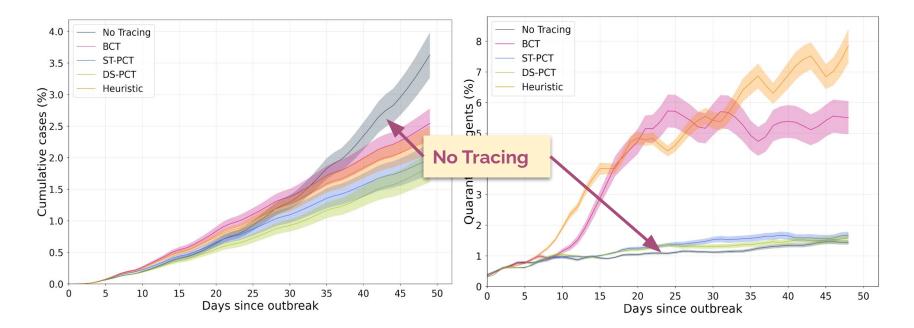
## • <u>Results</u>

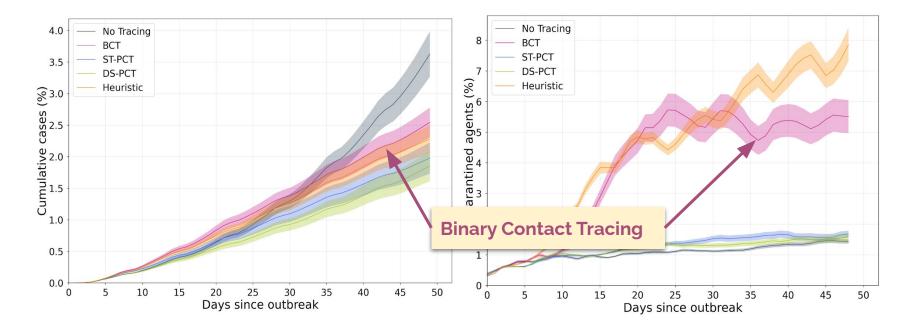
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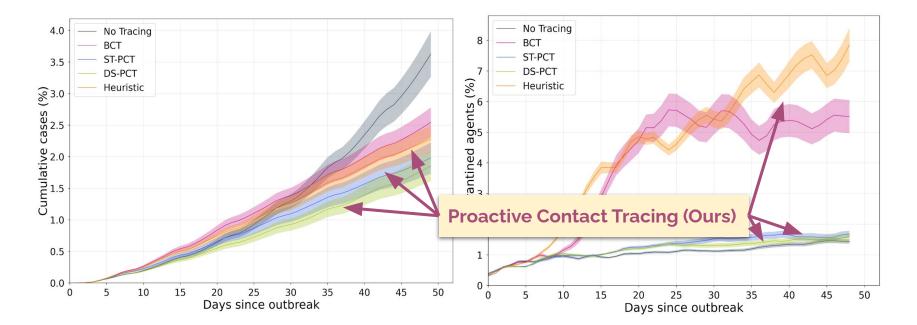


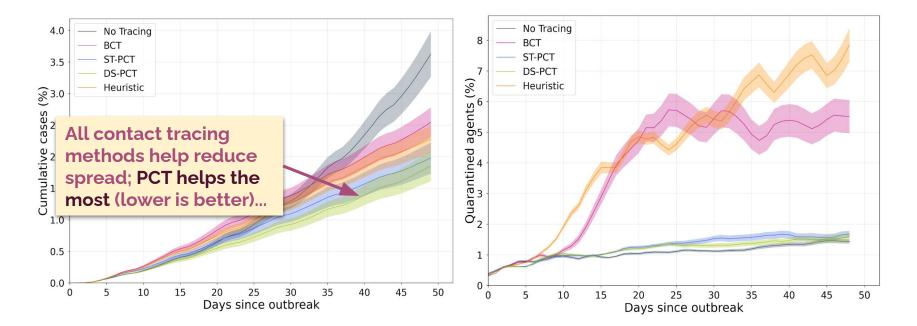


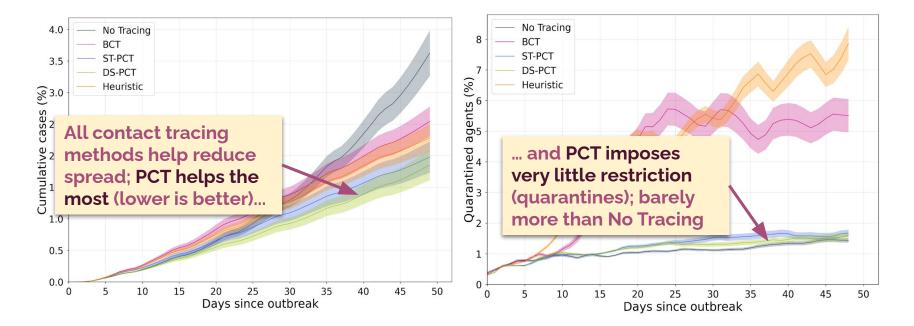


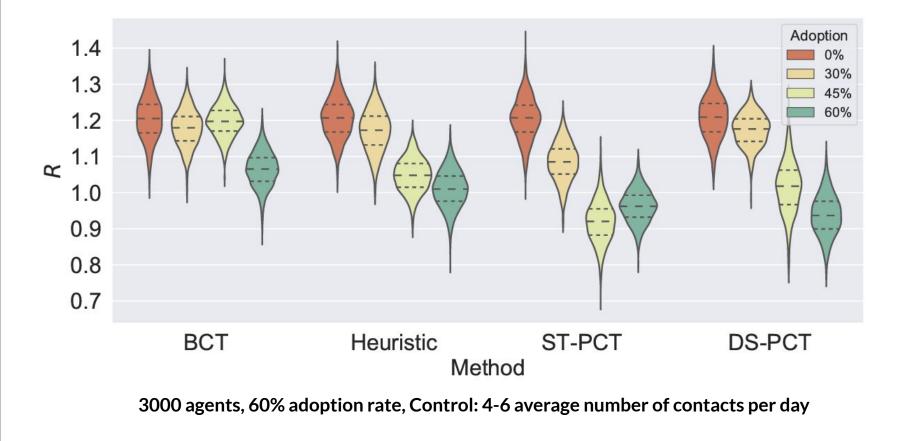












#### Outline

## Problem formulation

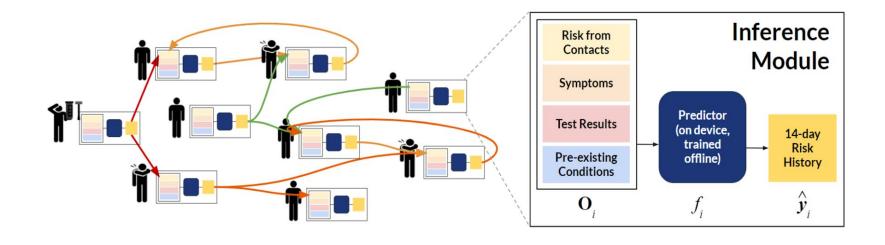
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  - **Results**

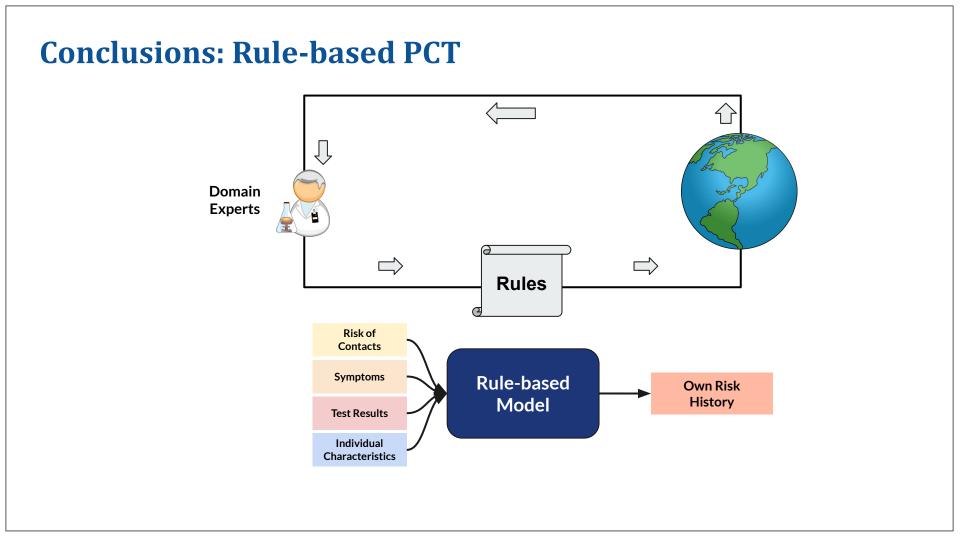
## Conclusion and Ongoing work

### **Conclusions: PCT Framework**

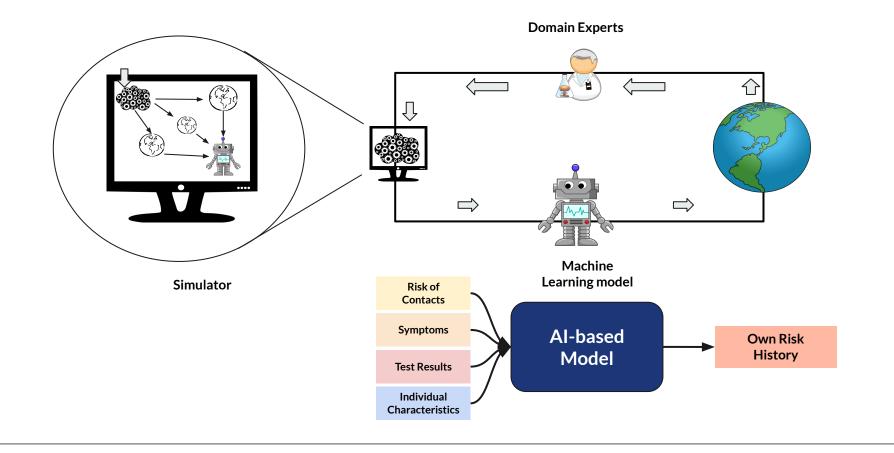
- Common platform for collaboration among
  - epidemiologists,
  - computer scientists,
  - privacy experts,
  - user behavior researchers

Designed to address privacy concerns

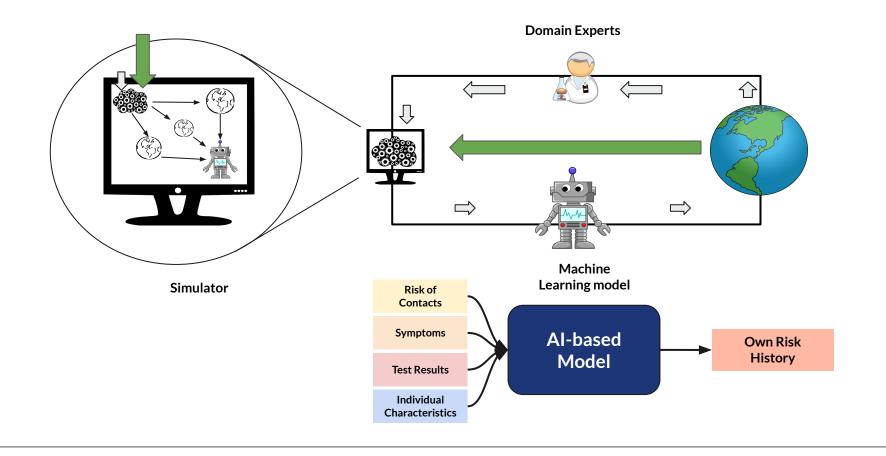


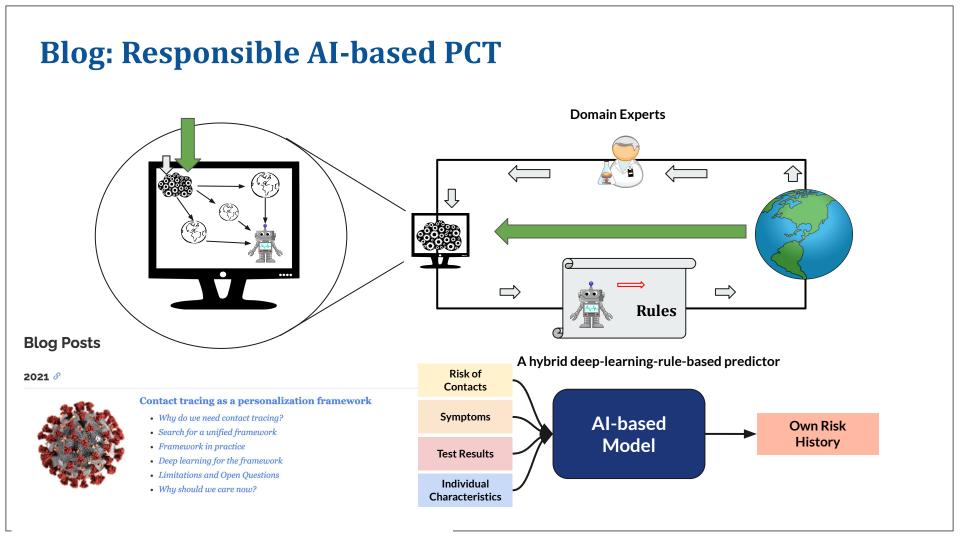


### **Conclusions: AI-based PCT**



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## **COVI** App



Montreal

## Testing the public's trust: Quebec premier mulls adopting contact-tracing app



Protecting users' privacy integral part of COVI app's design, says CEO of Montreal's Al institute

Kate McKenna · CBC News · Posted: May 19, 2020 6:46 PM ET | Last Updated: May 19, 2020

#### **Thank you & Resources**





Slides: www.pgupta.info/talks

Blog: www.pgupta.info/blog



COVI White Paper: https://arxiv.org/abs/ 2005.08502



Smartphone App: https://mila.quebec/en/ project/covi/







COVI-AgentSim Paper: https://arxiv.org/pdf/ 2010.16004.pdf



COVI-AgentSim Code: https://github.com/ mila-iqia/COVI-AgentSim



COVI-ML Paper: https://arxiv.org/pdf/ 2010.12536.pdf



COVI-ML Code: https://github.com/ mila-iqia/COVI-ML

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#### **Policy Makers**

